Certified Olimpeak™ Syringe Filters

Syringe Filter Membrane Compatibility Chart

Use this information to determine the ability of a specific syringe filter membrane to whitstand exposure to solvent.

All concentrations are 100% unless noted.

Chemical	Nylon	PTFE	PVDF	PES	CA	RC	PP	GMF
ACIDS								
Acetic, Glacial	LC	С	С	С	IC	С	С	С
Acetic, 25%	С	С	С	С	CA	С	С	С
Hydrochloric, Concentrated	IC	С	С	С	IC	IC	С	С
Hydrochloric, 25%	IC	С	С	С	IC	IC	С	С
Sulfuric, Concentrated	IC	С	IC	IC	IC	IC	С	С
Sulfuric, 25%	IC	С	С	С	IC	IC	С	LC
Nitric, Concentrated	IC	С	С	IC	IC	IC	С	LC
Nitric, 25%	IC	С	С	С	IC	IC	С	LC
Phosphoric, 25%	IC	С	ND	ND	CA	LC	С	С
Formic, 25%	IC	С	ND	ND	LC	С	С	С
Trichloroacetic, 10%	IC	С	ND	ND	CA	С	С	ND
ALCOHOLS								
Methanol, 98%	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Ethanol, 98%	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Ethanol, 70%	LC	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Isopropanol	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
n-Propanol	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Amyl Alcohol (Butanol)	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Benzyl Alcohol	С	С	С	ND	LC	С	С	IC
Ethylene Glycol	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Propylene Glycol	С	С	С	С	LC	С	С	С
Glycerol	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
ALKALIES								
Ammonium Hydroxide, 25%	С	С	LC	С	С	LC	С	С
Sodium Hydroxide, 3N	С	С	С	С	IC	LC	С	IC
AMINES AND AMIDES								
Dimethyl Formamide	LC	С	IC	IC	IC	LC	С	С
Diethylacetamide	С	С	ND	ND	IC	С	ND	С
Triethanolamine	С	С	ND	ND	С	С	ND	ND
Aniline	ND	С	ND	ND	IC	С	ND	ND
Pyridine	С	С	IC	IC	IC	С	IC	С
Acetronile	С	С	С	LC	IC	С	С	С
ESTERS								
Ethyl Acetate/Methyl Acetate	С	С	С	IC	IC	С	LC	С
Amyl Acetate/Butyl Acetate	С	С	IC	IC	LC	С	LC	С
Propyl Acetate	С	С	IC	IC	LC	С	LC	ND
Propylene Glycol Acetate	ND	С	ND	IC	IC	С	С	ND
2-Ethoxyethyl Acetate	ND	С	ND	IC	LC	С	ND	ND
Methyl Cellusolve	ND	С	ND	IC	IC	С	С	С

Chemical	Nylon	PTFE	PVDF	PES	CA	RC	PP	GMF		
Benzyl Benzoate	С	С	ND	IC	С	С	ND	ND		
Isoporopyl Muristate	С	С	ND	IC	С	С	ND	ND		
Tricresyl Phosphate	ND	С	ND	IC	С	С	ND	ND		
HALOGENATED HYDROCARBONS										
Methylene Chloride	LC	С	С	IC	IC	С	LC	С		
Chloroform	С	С	С	IC	IC	С	LC	С		
Trichloroethylene	С	С	С	IC	С	С	С	С		
Chlorobenzene	С	С	С	LC	С	С	С	С		
Freon	С	С	С	LC	С	С	С	С		
Carbon Tetrachloride	С	С	С	IC	LC	С	LC	С		
HYDROCARBONS										
Hexane/Xylene	С	С	С	IC	С	С	IC	С		
Toulene/Benzene	С	С	С	IC	С	С	IC	С		
Keroesene/Gasoline	С	С	С	LC	С	С	IC	С		
Tetralin/Decalin	ND	С	С	ND	С	С	ND	ND		
KETONES										
Acetone	С	С	IC	IC	IC	С	С	С		
Cyclohexanone	С	С	IC	IC	IC	С	С	С		
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	С	С	LC	IC	LC	С	LC	С		
Isoporpylacetone	С	С	IC	IC	С	С	ND	С		
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ND	С	LC	IC	ND	С	LC	С		
ORGANIC OXIDES										
Ethyl Ether	С	С	С	С	С	LC	LC	ND		
Dioxane	С	С	LC	IC	С	С	С	С		
Tetrahydrofuran	С	С	LC	IC	С	С	С	С		
Triethanolamine	С	С	ND	С	С	ND	ND	ND		
Dimethylsulfoxide (DSMO)	С	С	IC	IC	С	С	С	С		
Isopropyl Ether	ND	С	С	С	С	С	С	ND		
MISCELANEOUS										
Phenol, Aqueous Sol., 10%	ND	С	LC	IC	IC	IC	С	С		
Formaldehyde, Aqueous Sol. 30%	С	С	С	С	С	LC	С	С		
Hydrogen Peroxide, 30%	С	С	ND	ND	С	С	ND	ND		
Silicone Oil/Mineral Oil	ND	С	С	С	С	С	С	С		

Legend

С Compatible

Limited Compatibility (membrane may swell and shrink)

LC IC Incompatible (not recommended) ND No compatibility data currently available PTFE Polytetrafluorotehylene (Teflon®)

PVDF Polyvinylidene PES Polyethersulfone CA Cellulose Acetate RC Regenerated Cellulose

PP Polypropylene **GMF** Glass MicroFiber

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Membrane Selection

To select the right membrane for sample and solvent filtration for chromatography, there are several important considerations:

- The membrane and housing must be highly solvent resistant, since most chromatography solvents are aggresive and sometimes corrosive.
- It should not have extractables because they can interfere with analytical results.
- It should present a low protein binding for biological samples.
- · Size and amount of particulates in the sample
- · Special considerations if you need pre-filter
- Special membrane for filtration of inorganic ions

Guidelines to choose your syringe filter

Sample matrix with organic or/and water solvents:

Nylon, Polypropylene, PVDF, PTFE, Regenerated Cellulose

Sample matrix with aqueous solutions:

You can use:

Cellulose Acetate, M.E. Cellulose, PES, Nitrocellulose

Sample matrix with peptides and proteins:

You can use:

Regenerated Cellulose, Acetate Cellulose, Polypropilene, PVDF, PES

Tissue Culture media Filtration:

You can use:

Regenerated Cellulose, Cellulose Acetate, PES, M.E Cellulose

Ion Chromatography Filtration:

You can use:

Certified Polyethersulfone

Samples matrix with excessive amount of particulates:

You can use:

Syringe filter with Glass Prefilter.

General Overview

Filter Housing: High density polypropylene (PP) medical grade: Excellent chemical compatibility with acids, alcohols, bases, ethers, glycols, ketones and oils. Limited resistence for acids > 1N, ethers, aromatics and halogenated hydrocarbons

Maximum operating temperature 135 °C

Standard Connections: Female Luer Lock inlet, male Luer slip outlet as a standard in compliance with ISO 594-1

Minitip Connections: Female Luer Lockinlet, male MiniTipoulet

Robotic Connections: Female Luer Lock inlet, male Minispike outlet

Filter type: Non sterile

Membranes Selection: PP (Polypropylene), Nylon, Nylon Low Extractables, PTFE, M.E. Cellulose, Regenerated Cellulose, PVDF, Nitrocellulose, Cellulose Acetate, Polyethersulfone, and Glass Microfiber

Pore size: 0.2 - 0.45 µm for all filters

Pore size: 1, 2 and 5 µm for Glass microfiber

Pore size 0.45 μm : Most of HPLC application.

Pore size 0.20 \mum: we use them in 2 cases: 1- In order to eliminate all bacterial contamination.

2- When we use 3 µm HPLC column.

Max. Operating pressure: 13 mm D. 750 Kpa and 25 mm D. 550 Kpa

Retention volumes: 13 mm < 30 µl and 25 mmD. < 120 µl

Max. Filtration volume: 13 mm D. 1-10 ml and 25 mm D. > 10 ml

Filtration area: 13 mm D. 0.95 cm2 and 25 mm D. 3.55 cm2

Forsampleswithahighamountofparticulatesitisrecommended tousethefilterswithaglass-fiberpre-filter. This combination eliminates the need for a pre-filtration step.